	A. General Information						
A0	Respondent Information (Not for Publication)						
	Name:	Colleen Wynn					
	Title:	Assistant VP for Institutional Research & Assessment					
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	E-mail Address:	cwynn@cmc.edu					
	Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site? No If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page:						
	https://www.cmc.edu/inst	itutional-research/common-data-set					
A0A	DA We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about whic you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS items.						
Δ1	Address Information						
AI	Name of College/University:	Claremont McKenna College					
	Mailing Address:	500 E 9th Street					
	City/State/Zip/Country:	Claremont, CA 91711, USA					

(909) 621-8088

(909) 621-8516

If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:

888 Columbia Avene

admission@cmc.edu

www.claremontmckenna.edu

Claremont, CA 91711, USA

A2 Source of institutional control (Check only one):

If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify:

Street Address (if different): City/State/Zip/Country: Main Phone Number:

WWW Home Page Address:

Admissions Phone Number:

Admissions E-mail Address:

City/State/Zip/Country:

www.commonapp.org

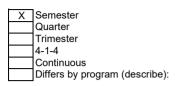
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number: Admissions Office Mailing Address:

	Public
Х	Private (nonprofit)
	Proprietary

A3 Classify your undergraduate institution:

Х	Coeducational college
	Men's college
	Women's college

A4 Academic year calendar:



Other (describe):

A5 Degrees offered by your institution:

_	_
	Certificate
	Diploma
	Associate
	Transfer Associate
	Terminal Associate
Х	Bachelor's
	Postbachelor's certificate
Х	Master's
	Post-master's certificate
	Doctoral degree research/scholarship
	Doctoral degree – professional practice
	Doctoral degree other

A6 Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

If you have a diversity, equity, and inclusion office or department, please provide the URL of the corresponding \ <u>https://www.cmc.edu/student-imperative/diversity-and-inclusion</u>

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1 Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women

Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2024.

• Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

- For information on reporting study abroad students please see:
- https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/pdf/Reporting_Study_Abroad_Students.pdf
- If your institution collects and reports non-binary gender data, please use the "Another Gender" category.
- In cases where gender information is not provided, please distribute across the two-binary categories.

• **Dual Enrollment:** If your institution enrolls high school students in college courses for credit either within a dual enrollment program or outside of a dual enrollment program, you may report the unduplicated count as part of the full- or part-time "All other undergraduates" section.

Students enrolled in a bachelor's degree program who do not have a bachelor's degree before entering CMC are considered undergraduates. Students enrolled in courses at the graduate level already holding a bachelor's degree are considered a graduate students. Students enrolled in 12 ore more semester credits (3 CMC course units) are considered full-time; students enrolled in less than 12 semester credits (3 CMC course units) are considered part-time.

The fall census date is two days after the deadline to add courses, the 12th day of the semester.

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Undergraduate Students: Full-Time	Men	Women	Another Gender	Unknown
Degree-seeking, first-time first-year students	175	162		
Other first-year, degree-seeking	8	5		
All other degree-seeking	507	524		
Total degree-seeking	690	691	0	0
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	1	1		
Total undergraduate Full-Time Students	691	692	0	0
Undergraduate Students: Part-Time	Men	Women	Another Gender	Unknown
Degree-seeking, first-time first-year students	0	0		
Other first-year, degree-seeking	0	0		
All other degree-seeking	5	2		
Total degree-seeking	5	2	0	0
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	0	0		
Total undergraduate Part-Time Students	5	2	0	0
Undergraduate Students: All	Men	Women	Another Gender	Unknown
Total undergraduate Students	696	694	0	0
Degree-seeking, first-time All other degree-seeking All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	3 0 0	0 0 0		
	-	-		
Total graduate Full-Time Students	3	0	0	0
Graduate Students: Part-Time				-
Degree-seeking, first-time	0	0	T T	
All other degree-seeking	0	0	+ +	
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	0	0	+ +	
Total graduate Part-Time Students	0	0	0	0
Total graduate Fart-Time Students	Ŭ	v	U U	Ū
Graduate Students: All	Men	Women	Another Gender	Unknown
Total Graduate Students	3	0	0	0
All Students: Total	Men	Women	Another Gender	Unknown
Total all students	694	692	0	0
·			- I - I	
Total all undergraduates	1,390			
Total all graduate	3			
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS	1,393			

B2 Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category.

Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2024.

- · Include international students only in the category "Nonresidents."
- · Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.
- Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."
- New guidance from IPEDS for reporting aggregate data:

Racial/ethnic designations are requested only for United States citizens, residents, and other eligible non-citizens. Eligible non-citizens include all students who completed high school or a GED equivalency within the United States (including DACA and undocumented students) and who were not on an F-1 non-immigrant student visa at the time of high school graduation.

More information about other eligible (for financial aid purposes) non-citizens is available at https://studentaid.gov/understandaid/eligibility/requirements/non-us-citizens.

Nonresident - A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a student visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely. Do not include DACA, undocumented, or other eligible noncitizens in this category.

NOTE - Nonresidents are to be reported separately, in the boxes provided, rather than included in any of the seven racial/ethnic categories or in race/ethnicity unknown.

Dual Enrollment: If your institution enrolls high school students in college courses for credit either within a dual enrollment program or outside of a dual enrollment program, you may report the unduplicated count as part of the non-degree-seeking students included in the "Total Undergraduates (both degree & non-degree-seeking)" section.

	Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree & non-degree- seeking)	Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)
Nonresidents	48	206	208	14.24%	14.84%
Hispanic/Latino	55	206	206	16.32%	14.84%
Black or African American, non-Hispanic	12	57	57	3.56%	4.11%
White, non-Hispanic	112	496	496	33.23%	35.73%
American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic				0.00%	0.00%
Asian, non-Hispanic	68	237	237	20.18%	17.07%
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic		1	1	0.00%	0.07%
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	27	121	121	8.01%	8.72%
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	15	64	64	4.45%	4.61%
TOTAL	337	1,388	1,390	100.00%	100.00%

Persistence

B3 Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2023, to June 30, 2024.

For dual	degree programs	offered with another	institution. CMC	grants the degree	upon receipt	of the official	transcript
or adda	augroo programo	onoroa man anothor	montation, one	granico alogioo	aponitocolpt	or the ornoral	anoonpe

from the other institution.

Certificate/diploma	
Associate degrees	
Bachelor's degrees	343
Postbachelor's certificates	
Master's degrees	13
Post-Master's certificates	
Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship	
Doctoral degrees – professional practice	
Doctoral degrees – other	·

B4-B21: Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS).

• For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS Forms and Instructions

for the 2024-2025 Survey. https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/use-the-data/survey-components/9/graduation-rates

In the following section for bachelor's or equivalent programs, please disaggregate the Fall 2017 and Fall 2018 cohorts (formerly CDS B4-B11) into four groups:

- Students who received a Federal Pell Grant*
- · Recipients of a subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant
- Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan
- Total (all students, regardless of Pell Grant or subsidized loan status)

*Students who received both a Federal Pell Grant and a subsidized Stafford Loan should be reported in the "Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant" column.

For each graduation rate grid below, the numbers in the first three columns for Questions A-G should sum to the cohort total in the fourth column (formerly CDS B4-B11).

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2018 cohort if available. If Fall 2018 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2017 cohort.

Fall 2018 Cohort

		-			r
		Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
	Initial 2018 cohort of first-time, full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students	62	34	229	325
•	Of the initial 2018 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: • Deceased • Permanently Disabled • Armed Forces • Foreign Aid Service of the Federal Government • Official church missions • Report Total Allowable Exclusions	0	0	0	0
	Final 2018 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	62	34	229	325
	Of the initial 2018 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2022)	50	25	169	244
	Of the initial 2018 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2022 and by Aug. 31, 2023)	6	5	35	46
	Of the initial 2018 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2023 and by Aug. 31, 2024)	1	1	4	6
	Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	57	31	208	296
	Six-year graduation rate for 2018 cohort (G divided by C)	91.94%	91.18%	90.83%	91.08%

Fall 2017 Cohort

		Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
A	Initial 2017 cohort of first-time, full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students	66	39	247	352
в	Of the initial 2017 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: • Deceased • Permanently Disabled • Armed Forces • Foreign Aid Service of the Federal Government • Official church missions • Report Total Allowable Exclusions	0	0	0	0
с	Final 2017 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	66	39	247	352
D	Of the initial 2017 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2021)	53	29	182	264
Е	Of the initial 2017 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2021 and by Aug. 31, 2022)	8	8	45	61
F	Of the initial 2017 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2022 and by Aug. 31, 2023)	3	1	6	10
G	Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	64	38	233	335
н	Six-year graduation rate for 2016 cohort (G divided by C)	96.97%	97.44%	94.33%	95.17%

For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2021 cohort if available. If 2021 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2020 cohort.

	2021 Cohort	2020 Cohort
B12 Initial cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:		
 B13 Of the initial cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: Death Permanently Disability Service in the armed forces, Foreign aid service of the federal government Official church missions 		
Report total allowable exclusions		
B14 Final cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions:		
B15 Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):		
B16 Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:		
B17 Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):		
B18 Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:		
B19 Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:		
B20 Total transfers to two-year institutions:		
B21 Total transfers to four-year institutions:		

B22. Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2023 (or the preceding summer term).

• The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons:

- * Death
- * Permanent Disability
- * Service in the armed forces
- * Foreign aid service of the federal government
- * Official church missions
- * No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

aummenterm) what percentage was aprolled at your institution as of the data your 98.13%	ount 5/321
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Total students retained = students from the Fall 2023 cohort who are still enrolled as of Fall 2024 + students from Fall 2023 cohort who completed their bachelor's program as of Fall 2024

(Students from the Fall 2023 cohort still enrolled as of Fall 2024 + Students from Fall 2023 cohort who completed their bachelor's program as of Fall 2024)/(Adjusted Fall 2023 cohort) *100

Note: The number of first-time students seeking a bachelor's degree (or equivalent) who attain a bachelor's degree (or equivalent) by their second fall term is expected to be zero or very small. In exceptional cases when a first-time student does satisfy all degree requirements including full credit completion (e.g., typically 120 credit hours) and is awarded a bachelor's degree (or equivalent) by their second fall term, they are to be considered "retained" for EF reporting purposes.

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR ADMISSION

C1-C2: Applications

- C1 First-time, first-year students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2024.
 - · Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort.

• Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

- · Since the total may include students who did not provide gender data, the detail need not sum to the total.
- · If your institution collects and reports non-binary gender data, please use the "Another Gender" category.

• Note that recent high school graduates and other students without prior postsecondary experience will still be considered "first-time students" for fall enrollment reporting purposes even if they enrolled in the summer prior to fall enrollment.

• Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2024.

First-Time, First-Year Student Applicants	Total	SUM
Total first-time, first-year men who applied	2967	
Total first-time, first-year women who applied	3225	
Total first-time, first-year another gender who applied	123	
Total first-time, first-year unknown gender who applied	214	
	-	6529
First-Time, First-Year Student Admits	Total	
Total first-time, first-year men who were admitted	291	
Total first-time, first-year women who were admitted	312	
Total first-time, first-year another gender who were admitted	11	
Total first-time, first-year unknown gender who were admitted	12	
		626
First-Time, First-Year Student Enrollees by Status	Total	
First-Time, First-Year Student Enrollees by Status Total full-time, first-time, first-year men who enrolled	Total 171	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year men who enrolled	171	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year men who enrolled	171 0	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year men who enrolled Total full-time, first-time, first-year women who enrolled	171 0 156	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year men who enrolled Total full-time, first-time, first-year women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year women who enrolled	171 0 156 0	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year men who enrolled Total full-time, first-time, first-year women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year another gender who enrolled	171 0 156 0 3	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year men who enrolled Total full-time, first-time, first-year women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year another gender who enrolled Total full-time, first-time, first-year another gender who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year another gender who enrolled	171 0 156 0 3 0	

If available, please provide residency breakdowns for total applicants, admits, and enrolled students: Fall 2024 Please report based on known physical address at time of application.

First-Time, First-Year Student Applicants	Total	In-State	Out-of-State	International	Unknown
Total first-time, first-year who applied	6529	2528	2010	1991	0
Total first-time, first-year who were admitted	626	237	277	112	0
Total first-time, first-year who enrolled	337	136	140	61	0

C2 First-time, first-year wait-listed students

Students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability

	Yes	No
Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting	Х	

If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2024 admissions:

WAITING LIST	TOTAL	
Number of qualified applicants offered a place o	n waiting list:	997
Number accepting a place on the waiting list:		621
Number of wait-listed students admitted:	33	
Is your waiting list ranked?	No	
If yes, do you release that information to students?		
Do you release that information to school counselors?		

C3-C5: Admission Requirements

C3 High school completion requirement

Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for degree-seeking entering students:

X High school diploma is required and GED is accepted

High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted

High school diploma or equivalent is not required

C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

Х	Require
	Recommend

Neither require nor recommend

C5 Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

Distribution of high school ur	Units	Units
Total academic units		
English	4	4
Mathematics	3	4
Science	2	3
Of these, units that must	2	3
be	2	3
Foreign language	3	3
Social studies	1	1
History	1	2
Academic electives		
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		
Other (specify)		

C6-C7: Basis for Selection

C6 Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which _____applies:

Open admission policy as described above for all students

Open admission policy as described above for most students, but-selective admission for out-of-state students selective admission to some programs other (explain):

C7 Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking general (not including programs with specific criteria) admissions decisions.

Academic	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not
Rigor of secondary school	Х			
Class rank			Х	
Academic GPA	Х			
Standardized test scores			Х	
Application Essay	Х			
Recommendation(s)	Х			
Nonacademic	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not
Interview		Х		
Extracurricular activities	Х			
Talent/ability		Х		
Character/personal	Х			
First generation			Х	
Alumni/ae relation			Х	
Geographical residence			Х	
State residency				Х
Religious				х
affiliation/commitment				~
Volunteer work			Х	
Work experience			Х	
Level of applicant's interest				Х

Please provide additional information if the importance of any specific academic or nonacademic factors differ by academic program.

C8: SAT and ACT Policies Entrance exams

Does your institution make use of SAT or ACT scores in **admission** decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants?

Yes	No
х	

C8A If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for students applying for Fall 2026.

Admission	Required to be considered for admission	Required for some	Recommende d	Not required for admission, but considered if submitted	Not considered for admission, even if submitted
SAT or ACT				Х	
ACT Only					
SAT Only					

C8B Has been removed from the CDS.

C8D In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising?

Yes Х No

C8E Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term

February 1

C8F If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students due to differences by academic program, student academic background, or if other examinations may be considered in lieu of the SAT and ACT):

English and who do not attend school in which English is the primary language of instruction must submit official score results from a CMC-approved English language test and complete a writing assessment. CMC uses either the highest superscored ACT, or highest superscored SAT when making admission decisions.

C8G Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):

SAT
ACT
AP
CLEP
Institutional Exam
State Exam (specify):

C9-C12: First-time, first-year Profile

Provide information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year students enrolled in Fall 2024, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresidents, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year students enrolled in Fall 2024 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores.

- Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who submitted test scores.
- Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item.
- Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa.
- If a student submitted multiple sets of scores for a single test, report this information according to how you use the data. For example:

• If you consider the highest scores from either submission, use the highest combination of scores (e.g., verbal from one submission, math from the other).

If you average the scores, use the average to report the scores.

C8C Has been removed from the CDS.

	Percent	Number
Submitting SAT Scores	26%	87
Submitting ACT Scores	13%	45

For each assessment listed below, report the score that represents the 25th percentile (the score that 25 percent of the first-time, first-year population scored at or below) and the 75th percentile score (the score that 25 percent scored at or above).

			75th		
Assessment	25th Percentile	50th Percentile	Percentile	MEAN	MEDIAN
SAT Composite	1490	1520	1550	1510	1520
SAT Evidence-Based	720	750	770	740	750
SAT Math	750	780	790	770	780
ACT Composite	33	34	35	34	34
ACT Math	31	33	35	33	33
ACT English	34	35	35	34	35
ACT Writing					
ACT Science	32	33	35	33	33
ACT Reading	33	35	36	34	35

Percent of first-time, first-year students with scores in each range:

Score Range	SAT Evidence- Based Reading and Writing	SAT Math
700-800	94.25%	95.40%
600-699	5.75%	3.45%
500-599	0.00%	1.15%
400-499	0.00%	0.00%
300-399	0.00%	0.00%
200-299	0.00%	0.00%
Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%

Score Range	SAT Composite
1400-1600	98.85%
1200-1399	1.15%
1000-1199	0.00%
800-999	0.00%
600-799	0.00%
400-599	0.00%
Totals should = 100%	100.00%

Score Range	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math	ACT Reading	ACT Science
30-36	97.78%	95.56%	86.67%	100.00%	91.11%
24-29	2.22%	4.44%	11.11%	0.00%	8.89%
18-23	0.00%	0.00%	2.22%	0.00%	0.00%
12-17	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
6-11	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Below 6	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

C10 Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information)

Assessment	Percent	
Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	75%	42/56
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	91%	51/56
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	100%	Top half +
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	0%	bottom half = 100%
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	0%	
Percent of total first-time, first-year students who submitted high		
school class rank:	16.62%	56/337

C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale).

* Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

* If you are able to report GPA ranges separately for students that also submitted at least one test score versus those who did not submit a test score, please do so in the respective columns. If you are unable to report these data, please report the ranges for all students.

0.00

0.00%

High school GPA data is not reported. GPAs come in a variety of scales and can be difficult to standardize. This is especially challenging with our sizable international population, whose transcripts are translated and often don't include GPA (or not on a 4-point scale).

Score Range	Percent (Students who submitted scores)	Percent (Students who did not submit scores)	Percent (All enrolled students)
Percent who had GPA of 4.0			
Percent who had GPA between 3.75 and 3.99			
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74			
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49			
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24			
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99			
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49			
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99			
Percent who had GPA below 1.0			
Totals should = 100%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

C12 Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, firstyear students who submitted GPA:

Percent of total first-time, first-year students who submitted high school GPA:

C13-C20: Admission Policies

C13 Application Fee

If your institution has waived its application fee for the Fall 2026 admission cycle please so

	Yes	No
Does your institution have an application fee?	Х	
Amount of application fee:	\$70	
	Yes	No
Can it be waived for applicants with financial	Х	

If you have an application fee and an on-line application option, please indicate policy for students who apply on-line:

Х	Same fee Free				
	Reduced				
	-		Yes	No	
	Can on-line application fe applicants with financial i		Х		
C14	Application closing date				
			Yes	No	
	Does your institution have a closing date?	an application	Х		
		Date	1		
	Application closing date (fall)	1/10			
	Priority Date]		
				Yes	N
C15	Are first-time, first-vear st	udents accepted for	or terms other		

C15 Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the fall?



C16 Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

	On a rolling basis	
Х	By (date):	1-Apr
	Other:	

C17 Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)

Х	Must reply by (date):	05/01/2024	_
	No set date		
	Must reply by May 1st or withi	n	weeks if notified thereafter
	Other:		
	Deadline for housing deposi	7/1/2024	
	Amount of housing deposit:	\$200	

Refundable if student does not enroll?

	Yes,	in	full
	Yes,	in	part
Х	No		

C18 Deferred admission

	_	Yes	No	
Does your institution allow students to postpor admission?	ne enrollment after	х		
If yes, maximum period of postponement:	2 years			

C19 Early admission of high school students

Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as fulltime, first-time, first-year students one year or more before high school graduation?

Yes	No
	х

C20 Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)

C21-C22: Early Decision and Early Action Plans

C21 Early Decision

Yes No Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that Х asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year applicants for fall enrollment? If "yes," please complete the following: 11/1 First or only early decision plan closing date First or only early decision plan notification date 12/15 Other early decision plan closing date 1/10 2/15 Other early decision plan notification date For the Fall 2024 entering class: Number of early decision applications received by your institution 967 Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan 226 Please provide significant details about your early decision plan: C22 Early action No Yes Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular Х notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college? If "yes," please complete the following: Early action closing date Early action notification date

Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?

Yes	No	

D. Transfer Admission

D1-D2: Fall Applicants

D1 Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no, please skip to Section E) If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?

	Yes	No
e	Х	
	х	

. .

. .

D2 Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2024.

If your institution collects and reports non-binary gender data, please use the "Another Gender" category.

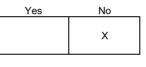
Transfer Admission	Applicants	Admitted	Enrolled
Men	213	11	8
Women	208	13	5
Another Gender	0	0	0
Unknown	2	0	0
Total	423	24	13

D3-D11: Application for Admission

D3 Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

Fall
Winter
Spring
Summer

D4 Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering firstyear student?



If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?

D5 Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

Requirements	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
High school transcript	Х				
College transcript(s)	Х				
Essay or personal	Х				
Interview		Х			
Standardized test scores					Х
Statement of good standing from prior	х				

- If a minimum high school grade point average is required D6 of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):
- If a minimum college grade point average is required of D7 transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):
- List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants: D8

D9 List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

D9	Term	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
D9	Fall		3/15	5/15	6/1	
D9	Winter					
D9	Spring		11/1	12/15	1/5	
D9	Summer					

D10 Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students?



D11 Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:

D12-D17: Transfer Credit Policies

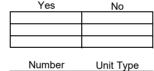
D12 Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:

		Number	Unit Type	
D13	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:	64	Credits	
		Number	Unit Type	
D14	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:	64	Credits	
D15	Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:			
D16	Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:	64.00		
D17	Describe other transfer credit policies:			

D18-D22: Military Service Transfer Credit Policies

D18 Does your institution accept the following military/veteran transfer credits:

American Council on Education (ACE) College Level Examination Program (CLEP) DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST)



Unit Type

No

Number

Yes

- **D19** Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred based on military education evaluated by the American Council on Education (ACE):
- D20 Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred based on Department of Defense supported prior learning assessments (College Level Examination Program (CLEP) or DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST)):

D21 Are the military/veteran credit transfer policies published on your website?

If yes, please provide the URL where the policy can be located:

D22 Describe other military/veteran transfer credit policies unique to your institution:

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1 Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

	Accelerated program
	Comprehensive transition and postsecondary program for students with intellectual disabilities
Х	Cross-registration
	Distance learning
Х	Double major
	Dual enrollment
	English as a Second Language (ESL)
Х	Exchange student program (domestic)
	External degree program
	Honors Program
	Independent study
Х	Internships
	Liberal arts/career combination
	Student-designed major
Х	Study abroad
	Teacher certification program
	Undergraduate Research
	Weekend college
	Other (specify):

E2 Has been removed from the CDS.

E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course

work prior to graduation: Arts/fine arts
Computer literacy
English (including composition)
Foreign languages
History
Physical Education
Humanities
Intensive writing
Mathematics
Philosophy
Sciences (biological or physical)
Social science
Other (describe):

F. STUDENT LIFE

F1 Percentages of first-time, first-year degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2024 who fit the following categories:

CMC uses the IPEDS definition of residence, where a student's permanent address determines who is from out of state. Students on Global Education programs abroad and in Washington DC or Silicon Valley are excluded from housing figures. Housing includes Kendry is included based on guidance from the IPEDS helpdesk.

	First-time, first-year students	Undergraduates	First-time, First-year Students Counts	Undergraduates Counts
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresidents from the numerator and denominator)	45%	52%	152/289	617/1182
Percent who are from in state (California permanent address)	41%	41%	138/337	570/1388
Percent who are from out of state (Non-California, US Permanent Address)	42%	41%	140/337	576/1388
Percent who have a non-US permanent address (international permanent address)	18%	17%	59/337	242/1388
Number of unique States and US territories represented, including California and military bases. Based on permanent address.	37	47	n/a	n/a
Number of unique foreign countries represented, not including USA. Based on permanent address.	22	45	n/a	n/a
Percent of men who join fraternities	0%	0%	n/a	n/a
Percent of women who join sororities	0%	0%	n/a	n/a
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or - affiliated housing	100%	97%	337/337	1231/1268
Percent who live off campus or commute	0%	3%	0/337	37/1268
Percent of students age 25 and older	0%	0%	0/337	3/1388
Average age of full-time students	18	20	n/a	n/a
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18	20	n/a	n/a

F2 Activities offered. Identify those programs available at

X Campus Ministries X Choral groups X Concert band X Dance X Drama/theater X International Student Organization Jazz band X Literary magazine Marching band X Model UN X Music ensembles Musical theater Opera Pep band X Radio station X Student government X Student newspaper X Student-run film society Symphony orchestra **Television station** X Yearbook

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

Programs	Marine Option (for Naval ROTC)	On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
Army ROTC is offered:		Х		
Naval ROTC is offered:				
				University of
			Х	Southern
Air Force ROTC is offered:				California

F4 Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

Х	Coed dorms
	Men's dorms
	Women's dorms
	Apartments for married students
Х	Apartments for single students
	Special housing for disabled students
	Special housing for international students
	Fraternity/sorority housing
	Cooperative housing
	Theme housing
	Wellness housing
	Living Learning Communities
Х	Other housing options (specify):
	Substance-free housing - no consumption of
	alcohol or other controlled substances in the
	building

CDS-F

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0 Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator:

Provide 2024-2025 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution

X Check here if your institution's 2025-2026 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2025-2026 academic year costs of attendance will be available: 4/14/2025

G1 Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, food and housing

List the typical tuition, required fees, and food and housing for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2025-2026 academic year. (30 semester hours or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits).

- A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan.
- Food and housing is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.
- Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.)
- Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

Room and Board charges assume double occupancy in institutional housing and the maximum meal plan (16 meals per week).

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS	First-Year	Undergraduate
Tuition:		-
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	First-Year	Undergraduate
Tuition: In-district		
Tuition: In-state (out-of-district):		
Tuition: Out-of-state:		
Tuition: Non-resident		
	First-Year	Undergraduates
FOR ALL INSTITUTIONS	FilSt-Tedi	Undergraduate
Required Fees:		
Food and housing (on-campus):		
Housing Only (on-campus):		
Food Only (on-campus meal plan):		

Comprehensive tuition and food and housing fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition and food and housing fees):

Other:

New Student Orientation Fee (one-time)

G2 Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition.

Minimum	Maximum
3	
Yes	No
	Х
	Х
ted in G1?	

G3 Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)? G4 Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program?

If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees report

G5 Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters	Commuters
Books and supplies:			
Housing only:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
Food only:	Not Applicable		
Food and housing total*	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
Transportation:			
Other expenses:			

* If your college cannot provide separate food and housing figures for commuters not living at home

Transportation expenses includes travel to and from parent's residence and transportation costs to and from classes and work, based on information from the California Student Aid Commission Student Expense Budgets. Indergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

Go	Undergraduate per-credit-nour	charg

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS:	
In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENTS:	

H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and should be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

1. Non-need institutional grants 6. Non-need outside grants

- 2. Non-need tuition waivers
- 7. Non-need student loans 8. Non-need parent loans
- Non-need athletic awards
 Non-need federal grants
- 9. Non-need work
- 5. Non-need state grants

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Private student loans: A nonfederal loan made by a lender such as a bank, credit union or private lender used to pay for up to the annual cost of education, less any financial aid received.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

- H1 Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories.
 - If the data being reported are final figures for the 2023-2024 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2023-2024 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.
 - Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid).
 - Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid

column.
For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:

ed 2023-2024 Final X

Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3)

Federal methodology (FM) Institutional methodology (IM) X Both FM and IM

Need is determined by using an institutional methodology for College aid and federal methodology for federal aid programs. The College meets 100% of documented need.

	Need-based	Non-need-based
Aid Awarded	(Include non-need-based aid	(Exclude non-need-based
	use to meet need.)	aid use to meet need.)
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	\$1,634,207	
State all states, not only the state in which your institution is located	\$1,339,453	
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by	\$29,723,653	\$1,970,063
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g. Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded		
by the college	\$1,044,202	\$820,015
Total Scholarships/Grants	\$33,741,515	\$2,790,078
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$2,060,171	\$1,756,018
Federal Work-Study	\$272,112	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-	\$1,372,166	\$24,600
Total Self-Help	\$3,704,449	\$1,780,618
Parent Loans		\$2,467,174
Tuition Waivers		
Athletic Awards		

H2 Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source.

· Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need- based aid.

• Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1.

• In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time first-year students should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid	First-time Full-time First-year Students	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. First-Year)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
A	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2024 cohort)	321	1375	4
в	for need-based financial aid	160	713	0
С	determined to have financial need	114	566	
D	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	114	566	
E	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	114	562	
F	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	101	532	
G	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	58	283	
н	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (<u>exclude PLUS loans,</u> <u>unsubsidized loans, and private alternative</u> <u>loans</u>)	114	517	
I	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	100.0%	100.0%	
J	The average financial aid package of those in line d . Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (<u>PLUS</u> <u>loans, unsubsidized loans, and private</u> alternative loans)	\$ 67,764	\$ 65,837	
κ	Average need-based scholarship and grant award of those in line e	\$ 64,609	\$ 62,788	
L	Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f	\$ 6,506	\$ 6,754	
м	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding</u> PLUS loans, <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$ 4,995	\$ 5,358	
	Awarded any need-based Financial Aid (D/A)	35.51%	41.16%	

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-fulltime undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid.

• Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1.

• In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time first-year students should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants	First-time Full-time First-year Students	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. First-year.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
N	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	24	98	0
0	Average dollar amount of institutional non- need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$ 23,300	\$ 20,103	
Ρ	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant			
Q	Average dollar amount of institutional non- need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p			
	Awarded any Financial Aid (D+N/A)	42.99%	48.29%	

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4 and H5. Include:

• 2024 undergraduate class: all students who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2023 and June 30, 2024.

- Only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- Co-signed loans.

Exclude

- Students who transferred in.
- Money borrowed at other institutions.
- Parent loans
- Students who did not graduate or who graduated with another degree or certificate (but no bachelor's degree).
- H4 Provide the number of students in the 2024 undergraduate class who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2023 and June 30, 2024. Exclude students who transferred into your institution.

322

All loans awarded by CMC are reported in the institutional loan totals, including loans made to students to meet the Expected Family Contribution amount. The denominator used to calculate the averages is the number of students receiving loans to fund their education at CMC.

H5. Number and percent of students in class (defined in H4 above) borrowing from federal, non-federal, and any loan sources, and the average (or mean) amount borrowed.

- The "Average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed," is designed to provide better information about student borrowing from federal and nonfederal (institutional, state, commercial) sources.
- The numbers, percentages, and averages for each row should be based only on the loan source specified for the particular row. For example, the federal loans average (row b) should only be the cumulative average of federal loans and the private loans average (row e) should only be the cumulative average of private loans.

	loans specified in the first column		Percent of the class (defined above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest 1%)	Average per- undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest \$1)
A	Any loan program: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, institutional, state, private loans that your institution is aware of, etc. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	118	37%	\$26,120
в	Federal loan programs: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	81	25%	\$12,758
С	Institutional loan programs.	89	28%	\$10,415
D	State loan programs.	0	0%	\$0
E	Private student loans made by a bank or lender.	15	5%	\$74,783

	Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nor	nresidents		
	Report numbers and dollar amount	s for the same academic year checked in i	item H1	
H6	Indicate your institution's policy regarding inst	titutional scholarship and grant aid for underg	raduate degree-seeking nonre	sidents:
X X	Institutional need-based scholarship or grant Institutional non-need-based scholarship or g Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not ava	rant aid is available		
	If institutional financial aid is available for und undergraduate degree-seeking nonresidents			43
	Average dollar amount of institutional financia	al aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seek	ing nonresidents:	\$68,564
	Total dollar amount of institutional financial ai	d awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking	nonresidents:	\$2,948,266
H7	Check off all financial aid forms nonresident f	irst-year financial aid applicants must submit:		<u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>
X X	Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE Other (specify):			
	International Student's Financial Aid Supplem	ent, International Student's Certification of		
	Process for First-Year Students			
H8	Check off all financial aid forms domestic first	-year financial aid applicants must submit:		
Х	FAFSA			
Х	Institution's own financial aid form CSS PROFILE			
Х	State aid form			
X	Noncustodial PROFILE Business/Farm Supplement			
	Other (specify):			
H9	Indicate filing dates for first-year students:			
	Priority date for filing required financial aid	forms:	17-Jan	
	Deadline for filing required financial aid for	ms:	1-Feb	
	No deadline for filing required forms (a	applications processed on a rolling basis)		
H10	Indicate notification dates for first-year studer	nts (answer a or b):		
	a) Students notified on or about (date):	22-Mar		
	b) Students notified on a rolling basis: X Yes			
	No If yes, starting date:	22-Mar		
H11	Indicate reply dates:			
	Students must reply by (date):	5/1		
	or within weeks of notification.		L	
	Types of Aid Available			
	Please check off all types of aid available to u	undergraduates at your institution:		
H12	Loans			
Х	Federal Direct Subsidized Loans			
X	Federal Direct Unsubsidized Loans			
X	Federal Direct PLUS Loans Federal Nursing Loans			
	State Loans			
Х	College/university loans from institutional fund	ds		
	Other (specify):			

H13 Need Based Scholarships and Grants

Γ	Х	Federal Pell
	Х	Federal SEOG
	Х	State scholarships/grants
	Х	Private scholarships
	Х	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds
		United Negro College Fund
		Federal Nursing Scholarship
		Other (specify):

H14 Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

	Non-Need Based	Need-Based
Academics	Х	
Alumni affiliation		
Art		
Athletics		
Job skills		
ROTC	Х	
Leadership	Х	
Music/drama		
Religious affiliation		
State/district residency		

H15

If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2024. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

		Full-time	Part-time
A	Instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
в	Administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
С	Other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even	Exclude	Include
D	Undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have	Exclude	Exclude
Е	Faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
F	Faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
G	Replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

CDS definitions are used in determining the full/part time faculty and who to include in the counts. CMC participates in a collaborative science department with Pitzer and Scripps Colleges. Faculty teaching in Keck are counted based on the current reporting agreement.

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

I-1.			Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
	Α	Total number of instructional faculty	172	35	207
	В	Total number who are members of minority groups	48	12	60
	С	Total number who are women	63	15	78
	D	Total number who are men	108	20	128
	Е	Total number who are nonresidents (international)	9	1	10
	F	Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree	171	27	198
	G	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal	1	3	4
	Н	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	0	4	4
		Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note:	0	1	1
	J	Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional programs in	0	0	0

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2024 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students.

• Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Total of all undergraduate degree-seeking students (CDS B1, row 29) as of the fall census date.

Fall 2024 Student to Faculty ratio	8	to 1	(based on	1390	students
		•	and	183.67	faculty).

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2024 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2024. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Data excludes Independent Study, internships, Senior Thesis, Debate, Off-campus Study, Physical Education, Military Science and non-CMC Joint Language courses. Cross-Listed courses and enrollments are concatenated. Keck Science figures are included, based on budget proportions.

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total	% < 20
CLASS SECTIONS	26	235	65	4	1	4	0	335	77.91%
	26	235	65	4	1	4	0		335

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB-								0
SECTIONS								0

J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2023 and June 30, 2024

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

The majors reported in the Bachelor's column include single, dual, and double majors, consistent with reporting on the IPEDS Completions survey.

Category	Diploma/Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's Count (Singles, Duals and Doubles)	Bachelor's Percent (Singles, Duals and Doubles)	CIP 2020 Categories to Include
Agriculture					01
Natural resources and conservation			16	3.52%	03
Architecture					04
Area, ethnic, and gender studies			8	1.76%	05
Communication/journalism			5	1.10%	09
Communication technologies					10
Computer and information sciences			9	1.98%	11
Personal and culinary services					12
Education					13
Engineering			7	1.54%	14
Engineering technologies					15
Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics			5	1.10%	16
Family and consumer sciences					19
Law/legal studies					22
English			12	2.64%	23
Liberal arts/general studies					24
Library science					25
Biological/life sciences			33	7.25%	26
Mathematics and statistics			8	1.76%	27
Military science and military technologies					28 & 29
Interdisciplinary studies			56	12.31%	30
Parks and recreation					31
Philosophy and religious studies			18	3.96%	38
Theology and religious vocations					39
Physical sciences			8	1.76%	40
Science technologies					41
Psychology			32	7.03%	42
Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting,					43
and protective services					
Public administration and social services			11	2.42%	44
Social sciences			193	42.42%	45
Construction trades					46
Mechanic and repair technologies					47
Precision production					48
Transportation and materials moving			Ĩ		49
Visual and performing arts			9	1.98%	50
Health professions and related programs					51
Business/marketing			11	2.42%	52
History			14	3.08%	54
Other			-		-
TOTAL (should = 100%)	0.00%	0.00%	455	100.00%	

Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

" Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

Additional guidance for some terms, particularly those common with the IPEDS survey, may be found <u>here:</u> <u>https://surveys.nces.ed.gov/ipeds/public/glossary</u>

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is not creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Comprehensive transition and postsecondary program for students with intellectual disabilities: Programs designed to support postsecondary students with intellectual disabilities obtain instruction in academic, career and technical, and independent living subjects in preparation for employment.

Clock hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as contact hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share food and housing expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or recognized postsecondary credential. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

*Developmental services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O.); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: Refers to high school students enrolled in college courses for credit. In accordance with IPEDS, student performance is recorded on a college transcript and postsecondary credit is awarded for a passing grade in the course. Dual enrollment includes: All postsecondary courses, independent of course delivery mode, course location, course instructor, whether secondary credit is also offered, and whether the student enrolls through a formal state/local program or enrolls outside a formal state/local program. Dual enrollment excludes: Credit-by-exam models such as Advanced Placement (AP) and International Baccalaureate (IB) in which the student is not enrolled in a postsecondary institution.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschoolrelated activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 clock hours.

Food and housing (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more clock hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Living learning community: Residential programs that allow students to interact with students who share common interests. In addition to living together, students may also participate in shared courses, special events, and group service projects.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups. *Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

*New student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Nonresident: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Outside a dual enrollment program: High school students who simply enroll in credit courses through your institution and are treated as regularly enrolled college students.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 clock hours a week each term.

Permanent Resident or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident status (and who holds either a registration card [Form 1-551 or 1-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form 1-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form 1-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitan).

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact/clock hour requirements:

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 clock hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 clock hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1.800 but less than 3,600 clock hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Recognized Postsecondary Credential: Includes both Title IV eligible degrees, certificates, and other recognized postsecondary credentials. Any credential that is received after completion of a program that is eligible for Title IV federal student aid. Credentials that are awarded to recognize an individual's attainment of measurable technical or industry/occupational skills necessary to obtain employment or advance within an industry occupation. (Generally based on standards developed or endorsed by employers or industry associations).

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, clock hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

Unduplicated Count of High School Students Enrolled for Credit: Include all high school students enrolled in college courses for credit within or outside of a dual enrollment program.

Undergraduate Research: Opportunities offered to undergraduate students to make original contributions in an academic discipline via the exploration of a specific research topic. Research opportunities may or may not be associated with a specific course or earn credit.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

Within a dual enrollment program: Program within an organized system with special guidelines that allows high school students to take college-level courses. The guidelines might have to do with entrance or eligibility requirements, funding, limits on course taking, etc.

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

- 1. Non-need institutional grants
- 2. Non-need tuition waivers
- 3. Non-need athletic awards
- 4. Non-need federal grants
- 5. Non-need state grants
- 6. Non-need outside grants
- 7. Non-need student loans
- 8. Non-need parent loans
- 9. Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

Claremont McKenna College (CMC) Internal procedures for data gathering and reporting

		Office of Institutional Research
_	Requirement	Notes
1	Separation of duties between:	Notes
Ŀ.	Data collection	Registrar Office staff members collect and enter data into the student information system (CX)
-	Reporting process	Institutional Research staff members extract data and reports through web-based tool (Cognos)
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-		One staff fills out the instrument, then a different staff member reviews the data entered into the
2	Reasonable independent review	instrument and any relevant spreadsheet(s) or sources.
-		instrument and any relevant spreadsheet(s) of sources.
3	Sign-off by relevant Vice President	Confirmed either as a signature on a print-out of the instrument or by email.
5	Sign-on by relevant vice i resident	Commence entrer as a signature on a print-out of the instrument of by email.
		Survey submission, VP sign-off, and source materials all saved either electronically and/or hard
4	Auditable record of survey response	copy. This should include the survey contact with name, email, phone number, and date.
_		copy. This should include the survey contact with name, email, phone number, and date.
_		Admission
_	Deguirement	
4	Requirement	Notes
1	Separation of duties between:	
		In most cases, data are collected automatically through an electronic feed directly from the source
	Data collection	(e.g., Common Application, College Board) with no staff member interaction. In some cases,
		support staff members manually enter information and maintain appropriate documentation.
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	Reporting process	Specific non-support staff members report data using Slate.
2	Reasonable independent review	One staff member fills out the instrument and another staff member reviews it, as appropriate.
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3	Sign-off by relevant Vice President	Confirmed in writing by VP, typically by email.
4	Auditable record of survey response	Copies of all survey information are maintained by the Admission Office and by Institutional
		Research.
		Financial Aid
	Requirement	Notes
1	Separation of duties between:	
		In most cases, financial aid data is downloaded electronically from various data bases (e.g., Slate,
	Data collection	CX, Department of Education and the College Board). Information is verified and updated as
		appropriate by certain staff members depending on their job responsibilities.
	Reporting process	Specific staff members extract data and reports through PowerFAIDS
2	Reconcilia independent review	One staff fills out the instrument, then a different staff member reviews the data entered into the
2	Reasonable independent review	instrument and any relevant spreadsheet(s) or sources.
3	Sign-off by relevant Vice President	Confirmed either as a signature on a print-out of the instrument or by email.
Γ.	A 111 1 1 -	Survey submission, VP sign-off, and source materials all saved either electronically and/or hard
4	Auditable record of survey response	copy. This should include the survey contact with name, email, phone number, and date.
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		Treasurer's Office
	Requirement	Notes
1	Separation of duties between:	
	Data collection	Financial data are collected from the College's audited financial statements or the underlying transactions accumulated in the financial records.
	Reporting process	Specific staff members extract data and reports through Datatel.
2	Reasonable independent review	One staff fills out the instrument, then a different staff member reviews the data entered into the instrument and any relevant spreadsheet(s) or sources.
3	Sign-off by relevant Vice President	Confirmed either as a signature on a print-out of the instrument or by email.
4	Auditable record of survey response	Survey submission, VP sign-off, and source materials all saved either electronically and/or hard copy. This should include the survey contact with name, email, phone number, and date.
		Advancement
	Requirement	Notes
1	Separation of duties between:	
	Data collection	Gift and relevant data are collected/extracted from the College's central Development database, Raiser's Edge. Data is entered into Raiser's Edge throughout the year and reconciled with the Treasurer's office on a monthly basis.
	Reporting process	Two levels of reporting procedures occur. 1. A dataset comprised of all giving data is downloaded and serves as the primary resource for data manipulation and segmentation 2. Pre-programmed query and report tools in Raiser's Edge serve as a backup for confirmation of data totals by section.
2	Reasonable independent review	Assistant Director of Development Services fills out the instrument, then Director of Advancement Services reviews the data entered into the instrument and any relevant spreadsheet(s) or sources.
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3	Sign-off by relevant Vice President	Confirmed in writing by VP, after review with Director of Advancement Services
4	Auditable record of survey response	Survey submission, VP sign-off, and source materials all saved either electronically and/or hard copy.